

EXEMPLOS DE USO DO MATLAB - ATIVIDADES 1

```
» % DEFININDO UM POLINOMIO PELOS SEUS COEFICIENTES
```

```
» p=[1 3 0 4]
```

```
p =
```

```
1 3 0 4
```

```
» poly2str(p,'s')
```

```
ans =
```

```
s^3 + 3 s^2 + 4
```

```
» % ENCONTRANDO AS RAIZES
```

```
» r=roots(p)
```

```
r =
```

```
-3.3553  
0.1777+ 1.0773i  
0.1777- 1.0773i
```

```
» % CONSTRUINDO UM POLINOMIO DADAS AS RAIZES
```

```
» q=poly([2, -1+i, -1-i])
```

```
q =
```

```
1 0 -2 -4
```

```
» poly2str(q,'x')
```

```
ans =
```

```
x^3 - 2 x - 4
```

```
» |
```

```
» % MULTIPLICANDO DOIS POLINOMIOS
```

```
» p = [1 2 -4 1]; q = [1 0 3 -1];
```

```
» r = conv(p,q);
```

```
» poly2str(r,'x')
```

```
ans =
```

```
x^6 + 2 x^5 - 1 x^4 + 6 x^3 - 14 x^2 + 7 x -
```

```
» % VALOR DO POLINOMIO PARA UM DADO ARGUMENTO
```

```
» y = polyval(r, -2)
```

```
y =
```

```
-135
```

```
» % CRIANDO UM SISTEMA ATRAVÉS DA FUNÇÃO DE TRANSFERÊNCIA
```

```
» num = [1 0] ; den = [1 3 2];
```

```
» sys1 = tf(num,den)
```

```
Transfer function:
```

```
s
```

```
-----  
s^2 + 3 s + 2
```

```
» sys2 = tf([1],[1 0 1])
```

```
Transfer function:
```

```
1
```

```
-----  
s^2 + 1
```

```
» % SOMANDO AS FUNÇÕES DE TRANSFERÊNCIA
```

```
» sys = sys1 + sys2
```

```
Transfer function:
```

```
s^3 + s^2 + 4 s + 2
```

```
-----  
s^4 + 3 s^3 + 3 s^2 + 3 s + 2
```

```
» % ENCONTRANDO OS POLOS E ZEROS DE sys
```

```
» p = pole(sys)
```

```
p =
```

```
-2.0000  
0.0000+ 1.0000i  
0.0000- 1.0000i  
-1.0000
```

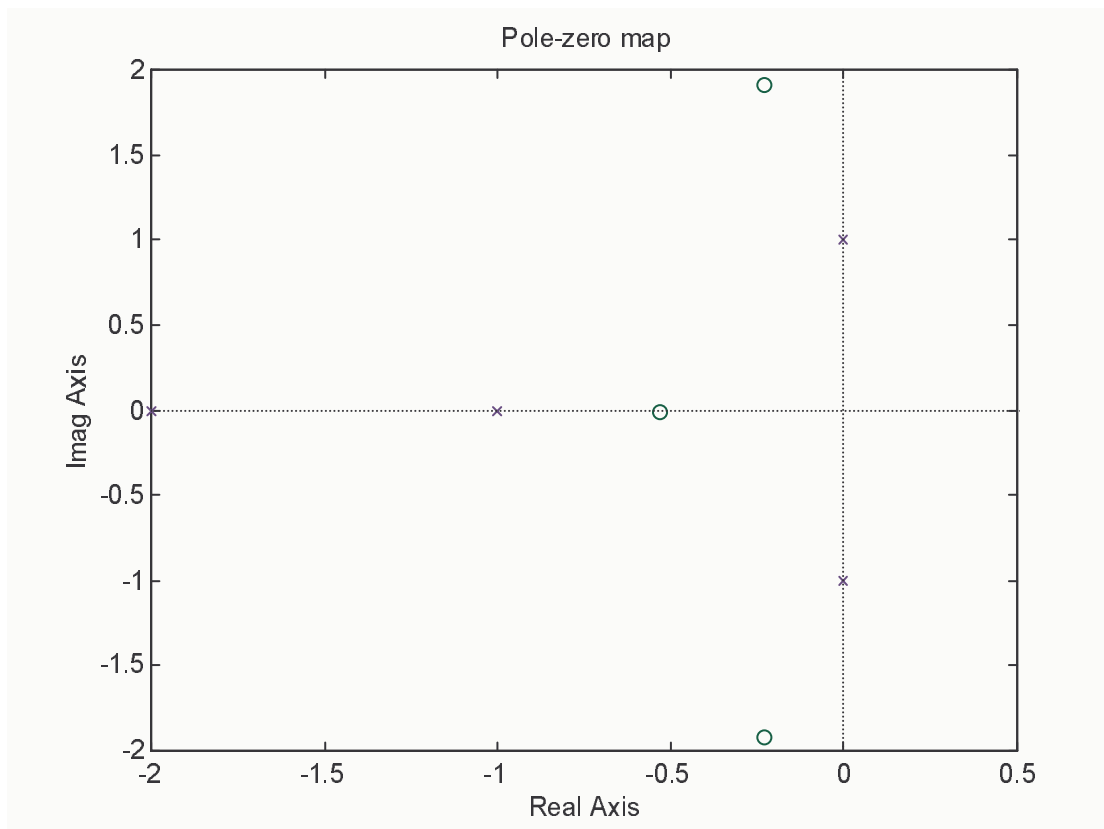
```
» z = tzero(sys)
```

```
z =
```

```
-0.2334+ 1.9227i  
-0.2334- 1.9227i  
-0.5332
```

```
» % PLOTANDO O DIAGRAMA DE POLOS E ZEROS
```

```
» pzmap(sys)
```



```

» % DEFININDO A FUNÇÃO DE TRANSFERÊNCIA PARA
» %  $x'' + x' + 225x = 900.g$ 
» sys = tf([900],[1 1 225])

```

Transfer function:
900

 $s^2 + s + 225$

```

» % ENCONTRANDO A RESPOSTA A DEGRAU DO SISTEMA
» t = [0:0.005:6];
» [y,t] = step(sys,t);
» plot(t,y),grid
» xlabel('tempo [s]')
» ylabel('x(t)')

```

